## WARNING!!

WARNING: Risk of Shatter Associated with Glass Furniture

Please note that in rare instances, glass furniture that is damaged by chips or scratches may break. seemingly of its own accord.

Damage to the glass (not always visible) can get worse over time until it reaches a critical point when it may shatter.

In the event of damage, this product is designed to shatter into lots of small granular pieces rather than large shards.

This is a safety feature to reduce the risk of injury.

#### To reduce the risk of damage, we recommend the following:

- During assembly do not lay the glass directly onto hard or rough surfaces. Lay the glass on a blanket or cardboard.
- When lifting or moving the product, ask for someone to lend a hand.

Trying to move a product on your own can lead to accidents.

- Do not use the furniture if any parts are missing or broken.
- Do not place very hot or very cold items directly on the glass surface; we recommend using a trivet. Extreme temperature differences over small areas can cause damage, which could in turn lead to shattering.
- Do not sit or stand on the glass surface.
- Do not strike the glass with hard or pointed items, or use the glass as a chopping surface.
- Do not drag rough or heavy objects over the top of the glass.

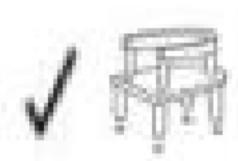
# Assembly Instructions

Caution: You must read this before you proceed

#### Care & Maintenance



Not for commercial use. For residential use only.



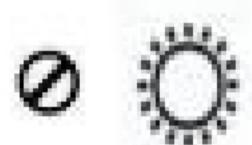
 Furniture may scratch floors. We recommend using furniture pads to protect your floors.



Do not put hot items directly on furniture surface.



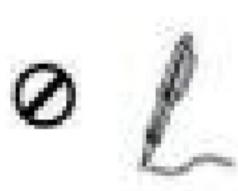
Do not clean furniture with harsh cleansers or polish.



Do not place furniture under direct sunlight.



Do not place furniture near heating or cooling vents.



 Do not write on furniture without a padded barrier to protect the surface.



Do not place furniture outside. For indoor use only.



 Stains may be removed with mild soap solution and damp cloth.



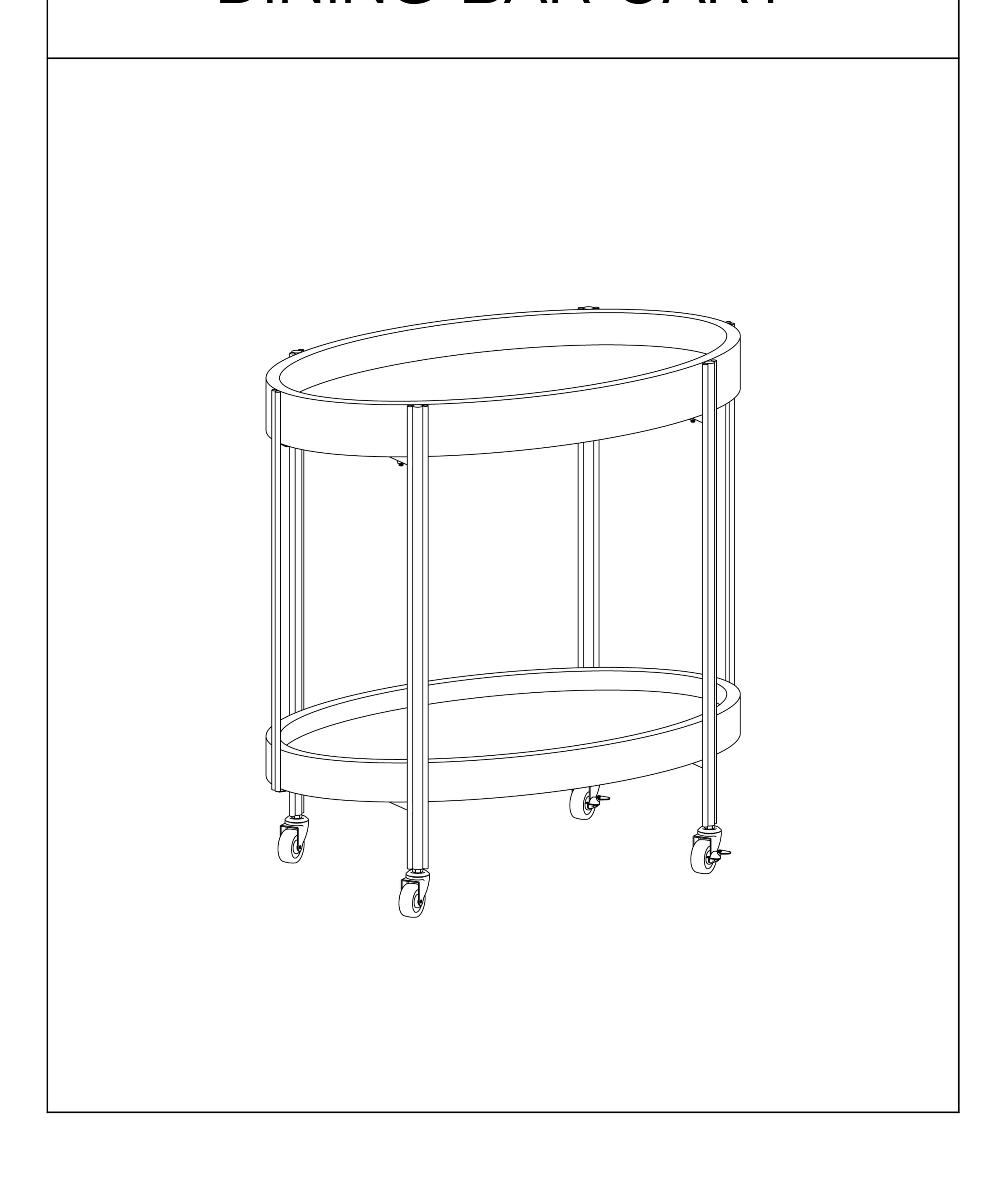
Children should not climb or jump on the furniture.



 Dust and pick-up spills using a clean, non-colored, lint-free cloth.

Please look in carton for hardware packs and legs.

## DINING BAR CART

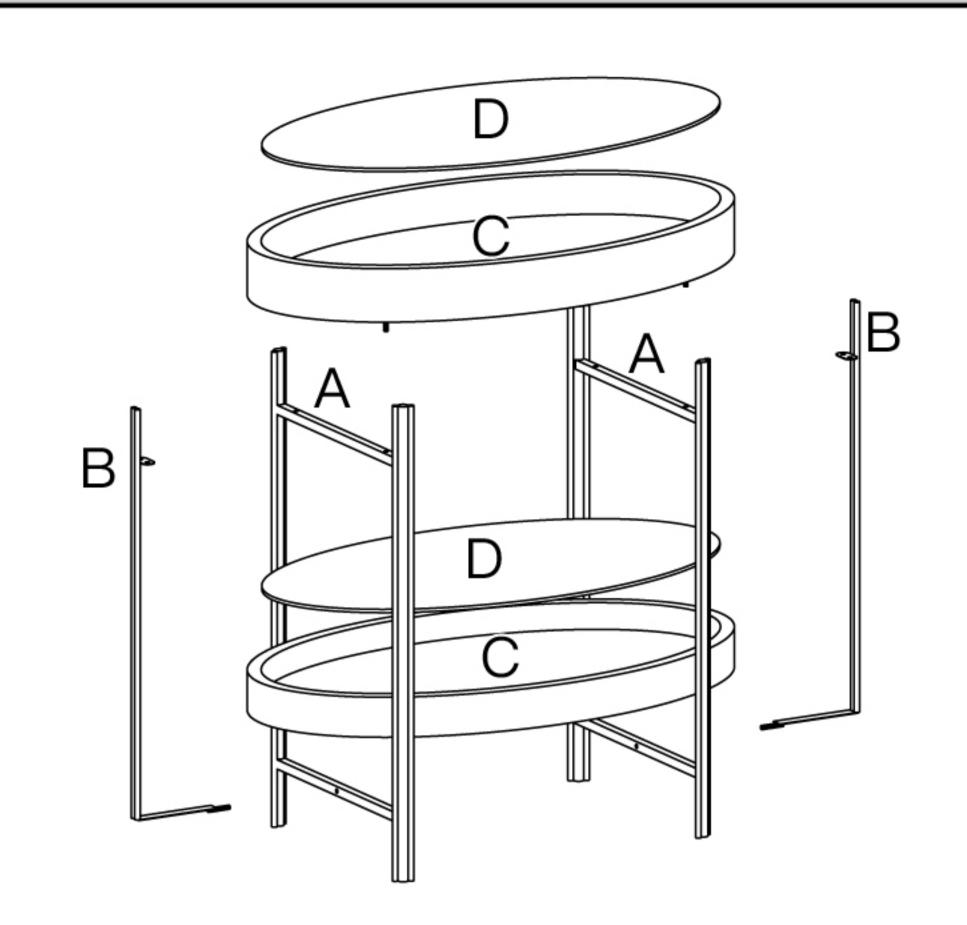


Parts List					
Label	Picture	Description	QTY		
A		Metal Leg	2		
В		Metal Support	2		
C		Shelf Board	2		
D		Glass	2		

Hardwares				
Label	Picture	Description	QTY	
1		Bolt(M6*10mm)	5	
2		Hex Nut	7	
3		Caster	2	
4		Braking Caster	2	
5		Eva Mat	9	
6		Wrench	1	
7		Wrench	1	
8		Screwdriver	1	

#### Assembly Preparation

Before
Begining
Assembly:













Read instructions, cover to cover-



• Have 2 adults on hand for assembly-



Do not assemble on flooring or carpet-

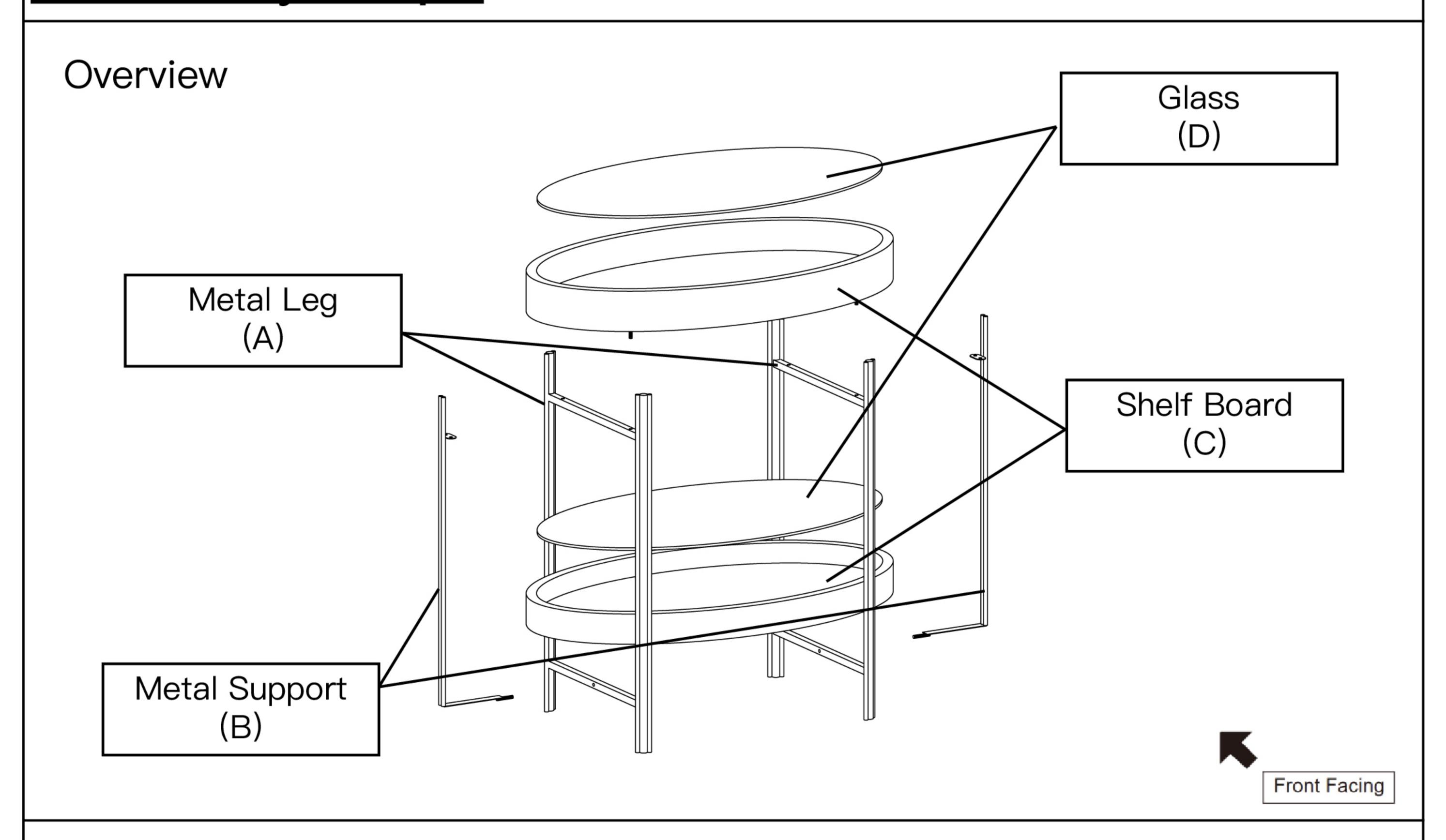


Assemble on a clean non-marring surface (packing foam)-



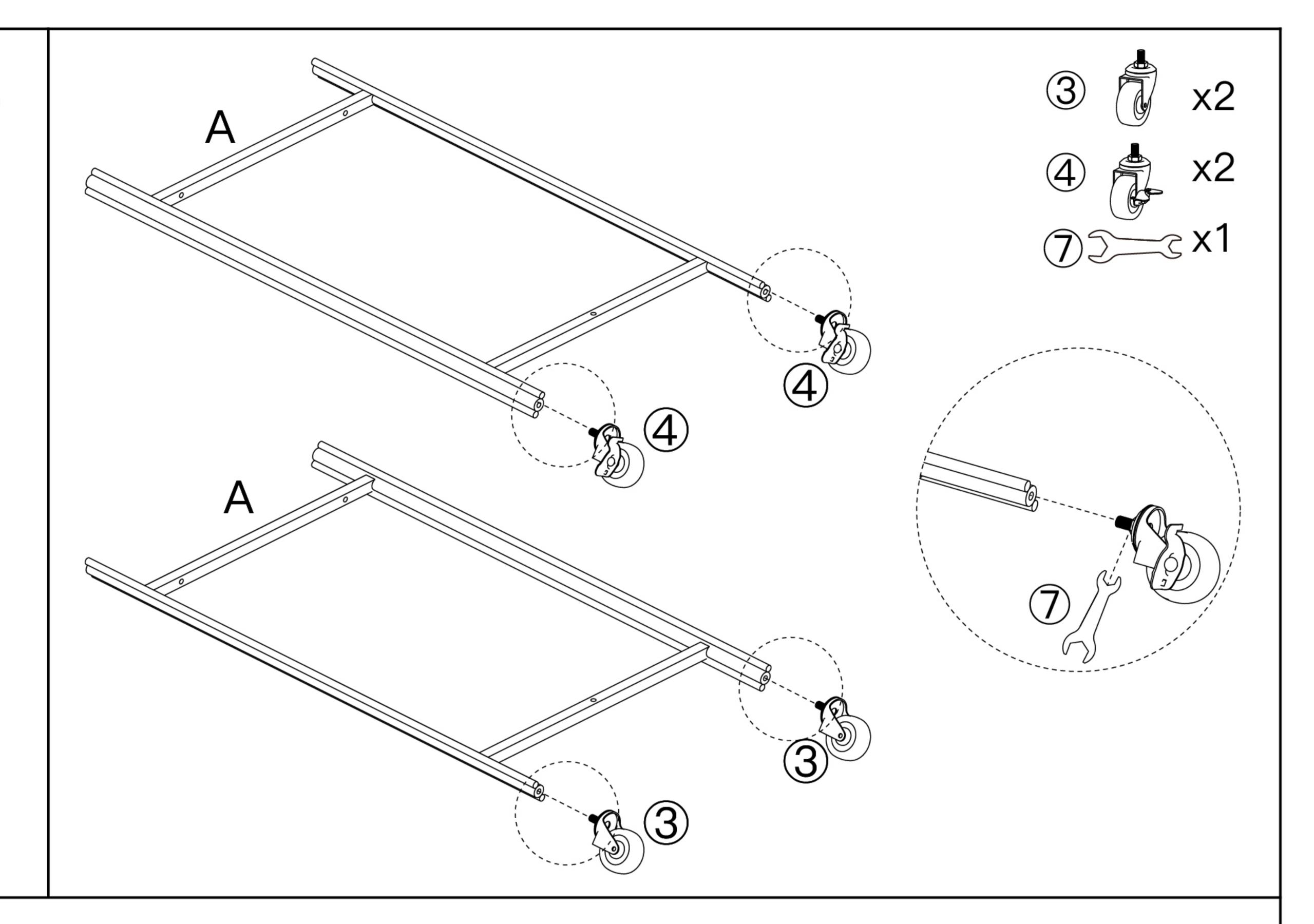
Save all packaging until finished-

#### Assembly Steps



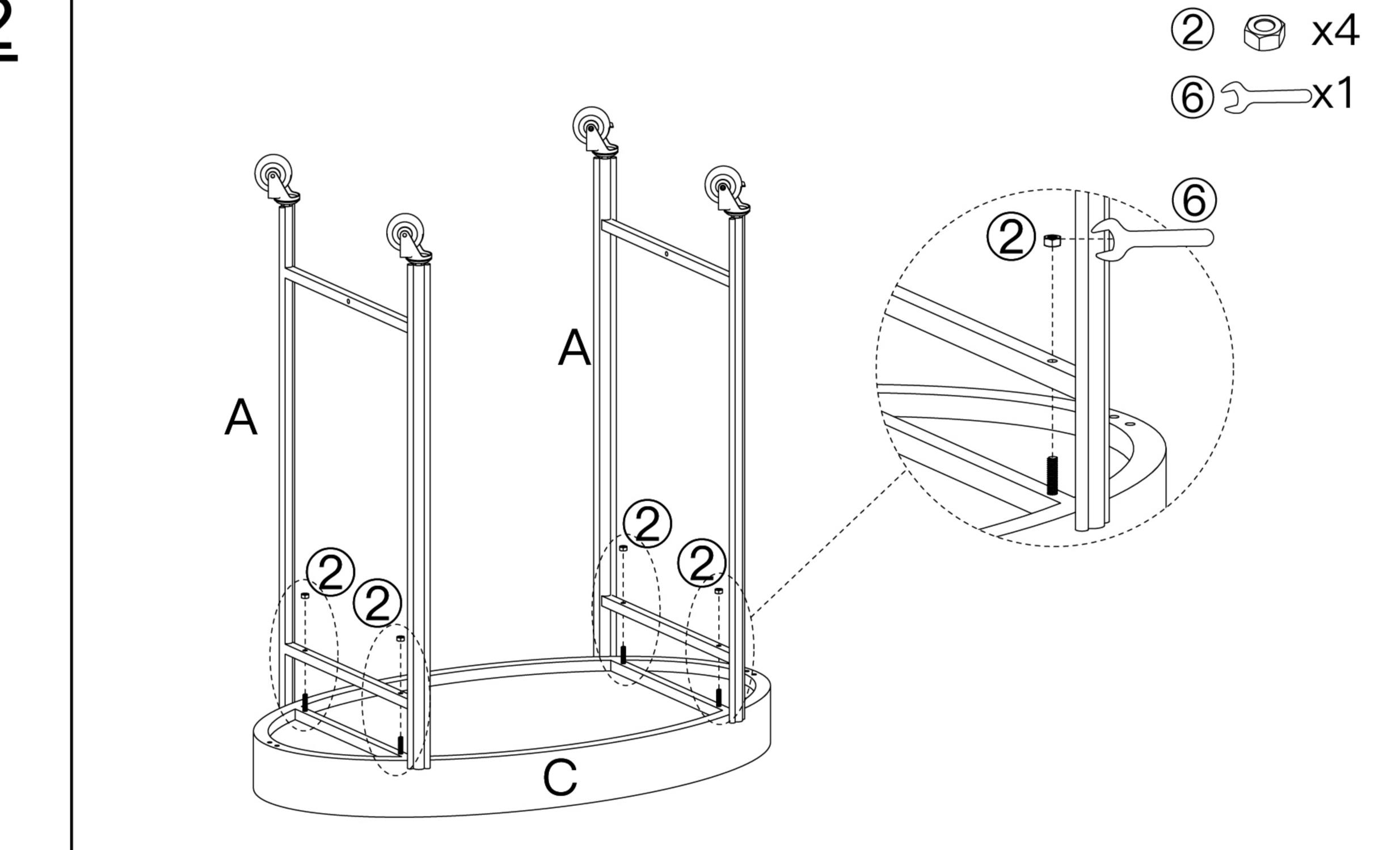
This dining bar cart has multiple parts and may require up to some 25 minutes to assemble. To give you an overview of the dining bar cart parts, the above picture is to help you put the various parts into perspective. Please read through the instructions below to familiarise yourself with the parts and steps before assembly.

#### Step 1



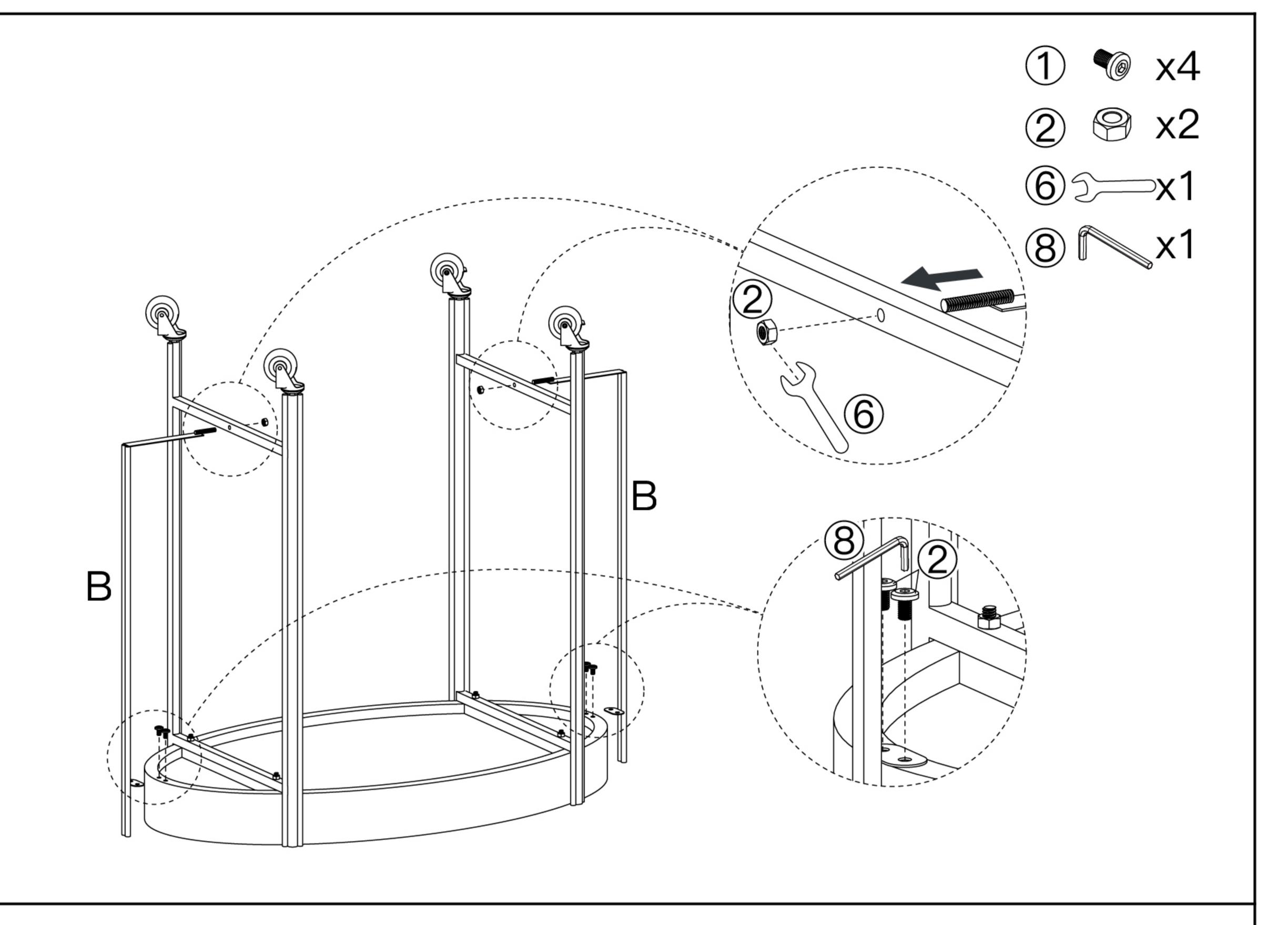
Fix caster(③) to one of the metal leg(A). Fix braking caster(④) to another metal leg(A).

#### Step 2



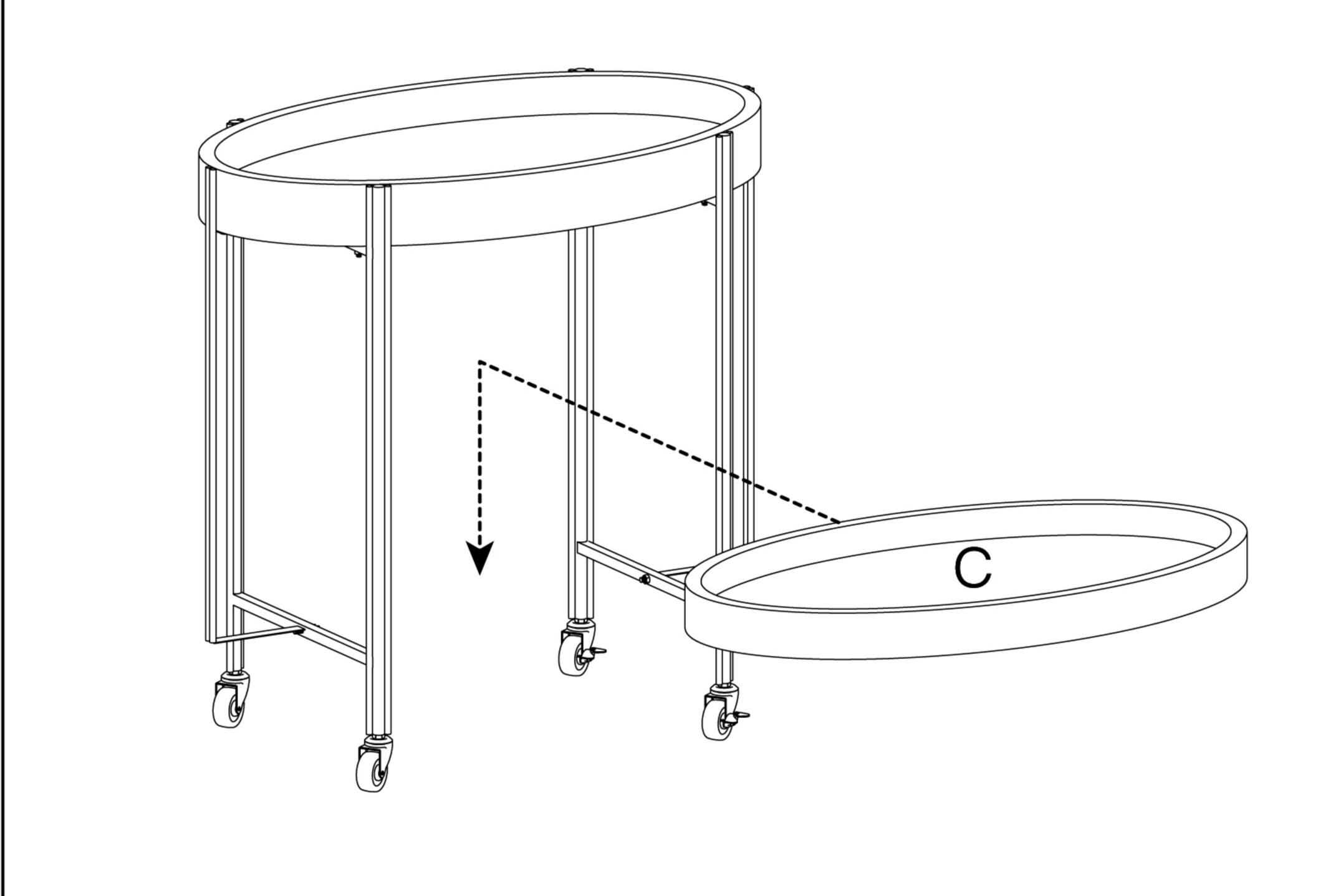
Attach metal leg (A) to shelf board (C) with hex nut(2).

#### Step 3



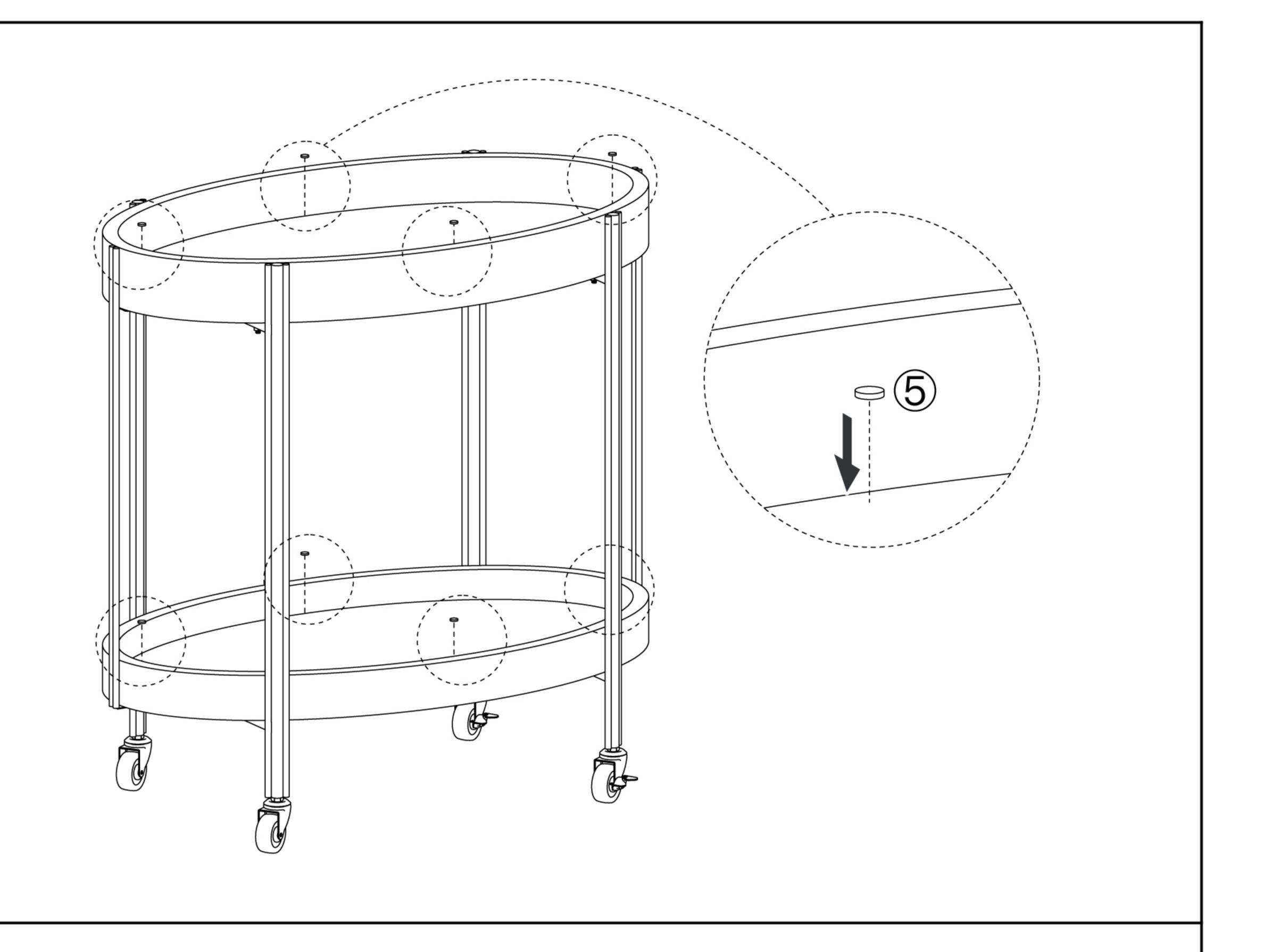
Attach long side of metal support (B) to metal leg (A) with hexnut (2). Attach short side of metal support (B) to shelf board (C) with bolt (1).

#### <u>Step 4</u>



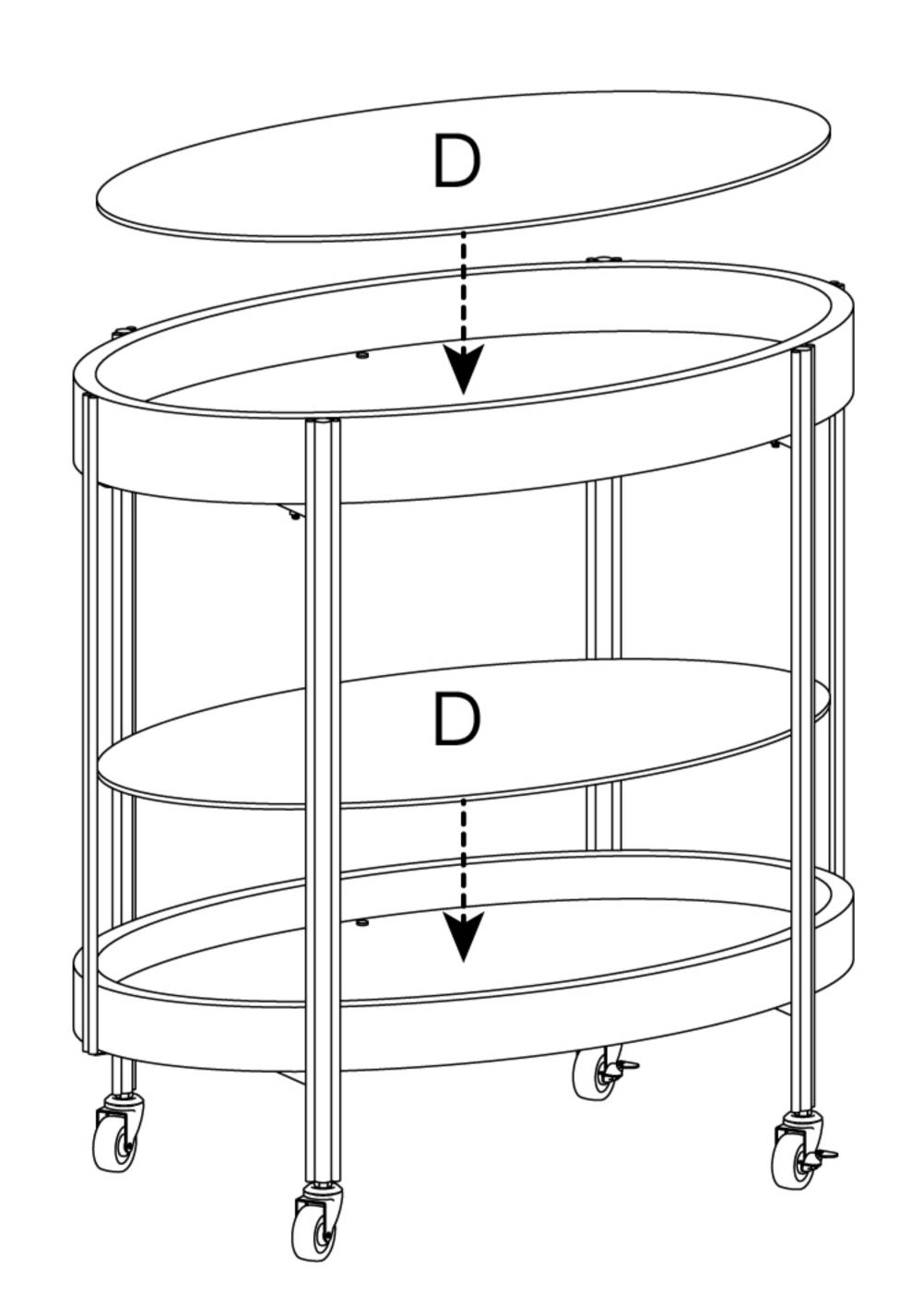
Stand the dining bar cart up, put the shelf board(C) on the metal rack

### Step 5

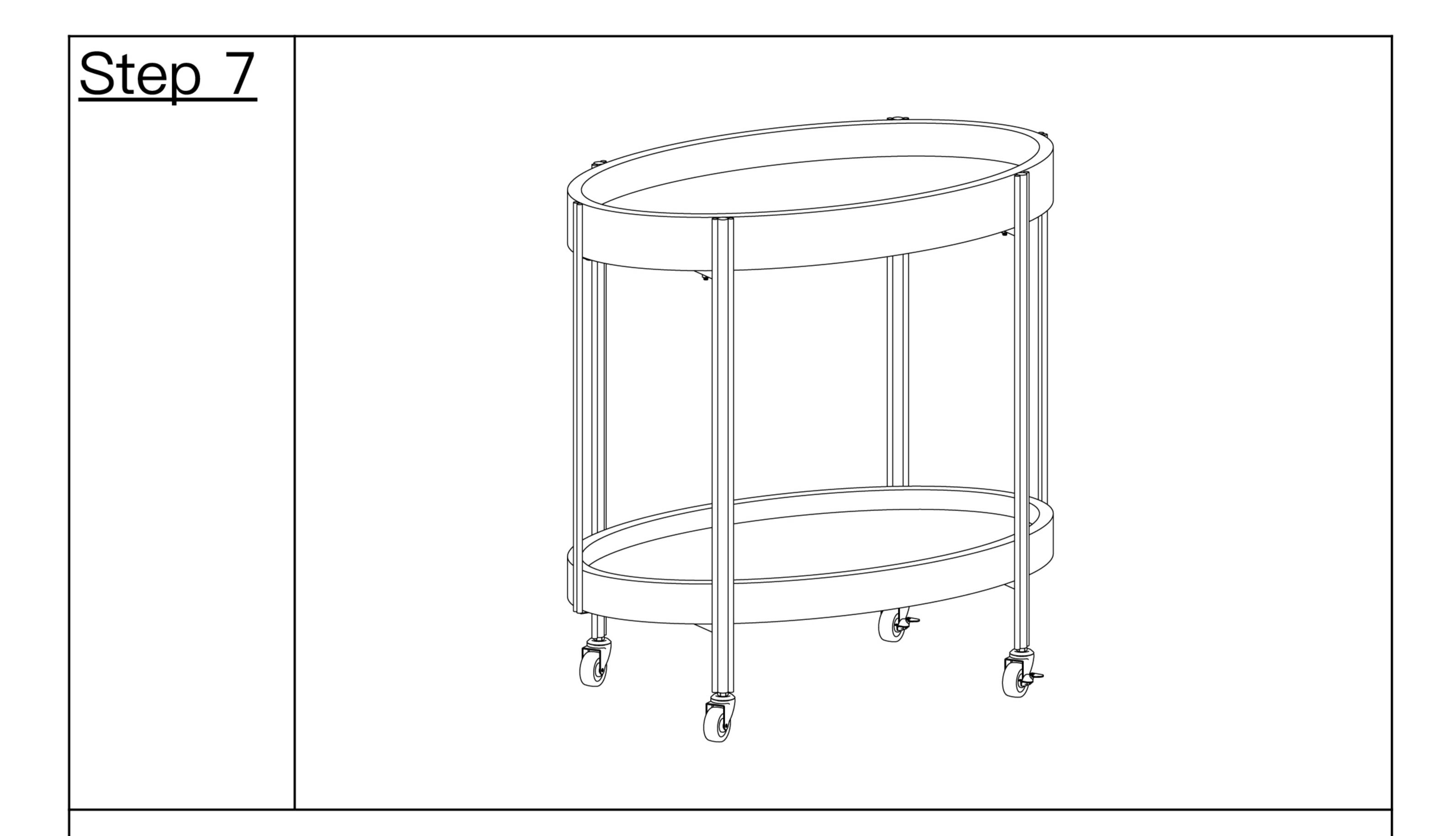


Stick EVA mat(5) on shelf board (C)

### Step 6



Put glass(D) on shelf board(C).



The dining bar cart is ready to use.

"Questions & Answers about Proposition 65

What is Proposition 65?

Proposition 65 requires businesses to provide warnings to Californians about significant exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. These chemicals can be in the products that Californians purchase, in their homes or workplaces, or that are released into the environment. By requiring that this information be provided, Proposition 65 enables Californians to make informed decisions about their exposures to these chemicals.

Proposition 65 also prohibits California businesses from knowingly discharging significant amounts of listed chemicals into sources of drinking water.

Proposition 65 requires California to publish a list of chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. This list, which must be updated at least once a year, has grown to include approximately 900 chemicals since it was first published in 1987.

• What types of chemicals are on the Proposition 65 list? The list contains a wide range of naturally occurring and synthetic chemicals that include additives or ingredients in pesticides, common household products, food, drugs, dyes, or solvents. Listed chemicals may also be used in manufacturing and construction, or they may be byproducts of chemical processes, such as motor vehicle exhaust. "